

THE MYSORE GAZETTE.

ಮೈಸೂರು ಗಜೆಟ್

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Notices, Advertisements, &c., intended for publication in the Mysore Gazette, should reach the Compiler before noon on Thursday preceding the date of publication, and when unaccompanied by a translation (if such should be requisite) on Wednesday evening.

The following Order of the Government of India is published for information:—

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The 30th October 1867.

No. 273.

"Mr. R. T. Albert, Accountant, 2nd grade, is transferred from Hyderabad. to Mysore," * * *

"By Order."

(Signed) J. A. CAMPBELL,
Offg. Secretary.

The following Notifications are issued by the Officiating Commissioner of Mysore:—

GENERAL.

No. 192.

1st November 1867.

Mr. Assistant Superintendent Streenevasiengar is directed to proceed without delay to Toomkoor and report himself to the Deputy Superintendent for employment in that district until further orders.

No. 181.

9th November 1867.

The following arrangements are sanctioned:—

Sreenewasa rao, Amildar of Kanhanhully, to be Amildar of Sidlaghat, vice, Ramasawmy deceased.

Venketnarniengar, Amildar of Goomnaickenpollum, to be Amildar of Kanhanhully.

Govindoo rao, Amildar of Olosepett, to be Amildar of Goomnaickenpollum.

Abdool Khader, Forest Overseer in the Ashtagram Division to be Amildar of Olosepett.

Venket rao, Amildar of Surjapoor to act as Amildar of Magady.

Sied Nurseer, lately acting Amildar of Anikul to act as Amildar of the Surjapoor Talook.

Rungasawmy Pillay, District Sheristadar of Toomkoor, to be acting Amildar of Kortigherri.

Annasawmy Iyengar, acting Amildar of Seera, to be acting Amildar of the Oudub Talook, from the date he is relieved by Hunoomuntarao.

"By Order"

(Signed) J. A. CAMPBELL,
Offg. Secretary.

The following Notifications are issued by the Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg :-

No. M 183.
G 16.

GENERAL.

11th November 1867.

L. B. Bowring Esq., C. S. L., has this day, the 11th November 1867, resumed charge from O. B. Saunders Esq., C. B., of the Office of Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maha Rajah of Mysore, and of the Office of Commissioner of Coorg.

No. M 183.
G 17.

JUDICIAL.

11th November 1867.

J. R. Kindersley, Esq., reports having delivered over charge of the Office of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg to C. B. Saunders, Esq., C. B., this day.

No. M 184.
G 17.

11th November 1867.

C. B. Saunders, Esq., C. B., reports having received charge of the Office of the Judicial Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg from J. R. Kindersley, Esq., this day.

No. 185.

PUBLIC WORKS.

12th November 1867.

With the approval of the Government of India, Capt. W. H. Campbell, Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, is appointed to officiate as Assistant to the Chief Engineer of Mysore, during the absence of Capt. W. Chrystie, R. E., on other duty, till further orders.

Lieut. S. C. Clarke, R. E., Executive Engineer, 4th grade, to act as Executive Engineer of the Bangalore Division, *vice*, Captain Campbell.

'By Order'

(Signed) J. A. CAMPBELL,
Offg. Secretary.

ನಂ. ೧೮೦

ಜನರಲ್.

೧೧ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೭.

ಮೆ|| ರಾ|| ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಗವರ್ನರ್‌ಜೆಂಟಲ್‌ರು ಕ್ರೀನಾಸ ಯ್ಯಂಗಾರು ತರೆಯಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಕುಮಾರಕಾರಿಗೋಗೀ ಆ ದಿವ್ಯ ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತೊಂದು ಕುಮಾರಕಾರಿ ಕೊಡುವ ಪಕ್ಕಾ ಕೆಲಸನೋಡು ವಬಗ್ಗೆ ದಿವ್ಯ ಸೂರಂಗೋಗೀಗೆ ತಾವೇ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡ ತಕ್ಕದ್ದೆಂತಲೂ ಕುಮಾರಕಾರಿ ಮಾಜಿಪಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ನಂ. ೧೮೧

೧೧ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೭.

ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಒರುವ ಯೋಜನಾಕಾರರು ಮಂಜೂರ ಆಗಿರುತ್ತವೆ ಕಾರ್ಯಾನುಷ್ಠಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರು ಕ್ರೀನಾಸರಾಯರು, ಪು ತೀಯಾಬಂಧಾ ರಾಮಸ್ವಾಮಿಗೆ ಬದಲಾಗಿ ಕಿಡ್ಲೆಪಟ್ಟದ ತಾ|| ಆ ಮೀಲೆಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೆ ಮೊಕರರ ಆಗಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಗುಮ್ಮನಾಯ್ಕ ನರಾಣ್ಣ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಅಮಲದಾರು ವೆಂಕಟ ನಾರಾಯಣಯ್ಯಂಗಾರು ಕಾರ್ಯಾನುಷ್ಠಾನಕ್ಕೆ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೆ ಮೊಕರರ.

ಕೋನ್ಸಲ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರು ಗೋವಿಂದರಾಯರು ಗುಮ್ಮ ನಾಯಕನರಾಣ್ಣ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರಿಗೆ ಮೊಕರರಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ಅದ್ವೈತಾನುಭವಿಗಳ ಫಾರ್ಮ್ ಓವರಿನಿಯರ್ ಅಬ್ದುಲ್ ಖಾ ರು ಕೋನ್ಸಲ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೆ ಮೊಕರರಾದರು. ಸರಿಪಟ್ಟದ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರು ವೆಂಕಟರಾಯರು ಮಂಗಲ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ತರೇಕ ಮೋಡುವಂ ಮೊಕರರ ಆದರು.

ಸಾಬಕು ಆನೆಕಲ್ ತಾ|| ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೈಯದ ನೆಸ್ಸೀರ. ಸರಪಾಪುರ ತಾ|| ಅಮಲದಾರಯನ್ನು ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ತರೇಕ ಮೋಡುವಂತೆ ಮೊಕರರ.

ಕುಮಾರಕಾರಿ ದಿ|| ಕಿರಣ್ಣದಾರು ರಂಗಸಾಮಿನಿಳ್ಳೆಯವರು ಕೊ ಲ್ಲೆಗಿರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸಕ್ಕೆ ಮೊಕರರ.

ಕೀಗಾ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ಅಮಲದಾರು ಅಣ್ಣಾ ಸಾಮಿ ಕ ಷ್ವಂಗಾರು ಹನುಮಂತರಾಯರು ಕೆಲಸದ ಟಾರ್ಡ್ ತೆಗದುಕೊ ಳುವ ತಾರೇಕ ರಾಗಾಯತು ಕಡಬದ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಅಮಲದಾರ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಆಪ್ತಂಗ ತರೇಕ ಮೋಡುವಂತೆ ಮೊಕರರ.

ನಂ. ೧೮೨

ಜನರಲ್.

೧೧ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೭.

ಎಲ್. ಬಿ. ಬಾರಿಂಗ್. ಯಸ್ವಯರ ಸಿ. ಎಸ್. ಐ. ಸಾಹೇಬ ಒಹದೂರವರು ೧೮೬೭ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೧ನೇ ಟಾರ್ಡು ಈ ದಿನ ಮೈಸೂರು ಭೇರಿಗಳ ಕೀಮೆಯ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರದ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲ ಸವನ್ನು ಕೊಡು ಕೀಮೆಯ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಯಸ್ವಯರ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಒಹದೂರವರಿಂದ ಮರಳಿ ಟಾರ್ಡ್ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರು.

ನಂ. ೧೮೩

ಜಾಡಿಪಿಯಲ್.

೧೧ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೭.

ಮೈಸೂರು ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಡಗು ಕೀಮೆಗಳ ಜಾಡಿಪಿಯಲ್ ಕ ಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಈ ದಿನ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಯಸ್ವಯರ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬರವರಿಗೆ ಟಾರ್ಡ್ ವಹಿಸಿದ್ದಾಗಿ ಜಿ. ಆರ್. ಕಿಂಡರ್ನಿಲ್ಲೇ ಯಸ್ವಯರವರು ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ.

ನಂ. ೧೮೪

೧೧ನೇ ನವೆಂಬರ್ ೧೮೬೭.

ಮೈಸೂರು ಮತ್ತು ಕೊಡಗು ಕೀಮೆಗಳ ಜಾಡಿಪಿಯಲ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲಸದ ಟಾರ್ಡ್ ಈ ದಿನ ಜಿ. ಆರ್. ಕಿಂಡರ್ನಿಲ್ಲೇಯವರಿಂದ ವಹಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರುವಂತೆ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಯಸ್ವಯರ ಸಿ. ಬಿ. ಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಒಹದೂರವರು ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆ.

"By Order"

J. A. CAMPBELL,
Offg. Secretary.

No. 33.

MYSORE JUDL. COMR'S. OFFICE,
Bangalore, 13th November 1867.

Mr. Ernest Barclay has this day been enrolled in the Judicial Commissioner's Office as a pleader in the Courts of Mysore and Coorg.

(Signed) O. B. SAUNDERS,
Judicial Commissioner.

The Advancement of the Natives of India, to higher appointments, particularly in Non-Regulation Provinces.

No. 1415.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

SIMLA, the 19th August 1867.

Read Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 33, Foreign (Revenue), dated 31st May last (paragraph 6).

RESOLUTION.—With reference to a remark occurring in Mr. Davies' report on the revenue administration of Oudh during the year 1865—66, to the effect that "there is no greater administrative evil in our system than the manner in which many native officers of ability, are, at an early period of life, shorn of all incentive to exertion by the bar set to their promotion," Sir Stafford Northcote has directed the Government of India to take this important question into careful review.

2. The Governor General in Council is fully alive to the urgent political necessity, that the progress of education has created, for opening up to natives of ability and character, a more important, dignified and lucrative sphere of employment in the administration of British India.

3. By the creation of a class of officers known in the Regulation provinces as Deputy Collectors, and in the Non-Regulation provinces as extra Assistant Commissioners, much has of late years been done to improve the status of the Uncovenanted Service. But those, whom this change has chiefly profited, have been Englishmen, not the natives of India. Several of the former, on account of distinguished services performed during the mutinies or at other times, have obtained promotion to the grades of Assistant Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner, and one (in Oudh) is now acting as Commissioner of a Division. But no native* has yet advanced beyond the grade of extra Assistant.

4. With regard to the Regulation provinces the law reserves all higher appointments for the Civil Service; and natives, wishing for advancement, must follow the example set them by a Bengalee gentleman, and qualify in their youth for admission to the Civil Service by competition. Moreover, it must be remembered that the salaries attached to such judicial offices as are open to uncovenanted officers, have quite recently obtained a considerable increase. Leaving aside therefore those territories, His Excellency in Council looks rather to the non-regulation provinces as a field in which to satisfy the legitimate ambition of deserving natives.

* Except in Mysore.

5. His Excellency in Council is prepared at once to recognise the eligibility of Natives of approved character for promotion to the rank and emoluments of Assistant Commissioners and Small Cause Court Judges in the Panjab, Oudh, the Central Provinces, British Burmah, Assam, Coorg, Mysore, and Berar. The local administrations will be requested severally to report the proportion which natives should bear in these appointments relatively to Civilians, Military men, and Uncovenanted Englishmen. In the two provinces last named, the sovereignty of which is not vested in the British Government, the proportion should be larger than can elsewhere be permitted; indeed, as regards Mysore, the recent orders of the Home Government for the preservation of a native dynasty, make the more general employment of natives in that country an immediate necessity.

6. In arriving at this decision, the Government of India has not overlooked the circumstance that natives entrusted with administrative duties, have a difficulty in dealing with independent Europeans. The Governor General in Council expects that the local administrations will frame their proposals with due regard to the expediency of providing English officials for all Districts in which Europeans settlers or travellers abound.

(Sd.) W. MUIR,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ನಂಬರ್ ೧೪೧೫.

ಇಂಡಿಯಾ ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟ್.

ಫಾರ್ಮ್ ಡಿಪಾರ್ಟ್‌ಮೆಂಟ್.

ಜ ನ ರ ತ .

ಸಿಂಲಾ, ೧೯ನೇ ಆಗಸ್ಟ್ ೧೮೬೭ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.

ಕಳೆದ ಮೇ ತಿಂಗಳು ೩೧ನೇ ಮರುಂ ೩೩ನೇ ನಂಬರ್ ಬಾಬು ತು ಸ್ಟೇಟ್ ಸೆಕ್ರೆಟೇರಿಯವರಿಂದ ಬಂದ (ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಬಾಬಿನ) ಡಿಸ್ಪಾಚಿನ (೬ನೇ ಕಲಂ) ಒದಲುತ್ತಿತ್ತು.

ನಿರ್ಣಯ. ಸರ್ ೧೮೬೫ನೇ-೬೬ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಬಾಬತು ಅಯೋ ಧೈಕೀಮೆಯ ರೆವಿನ್ಯೂ ಅಡ್ಮಿನಿಸ್ಟ್ರೇಷನ್ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೆಸ್ಸೆ ರ್ ಡೇವೀಸ್ ಎಂಬ ವರ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ನಮೂದಿರುವದೇನೆಂದರೆ "ನಮ್ಮ ರಾಜ್ಯ ಶಂತ್ರದ ಕ್ರಮದೊಳಗೆ ಸಮರ್ಥರಾದ ಅನೇಕ ನೇಟಿವ್ ಆಫೀಸರ್‌ಗಳು ಬಡ್ತಿಗೆ ಬರುವ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಪುಂಟು ಮಾತನಾಡುತ್ತ ಅತಂಕದ ದೆಸೆಯಿಂದ ಅವರುಗಳು ಪ್ರಯತ್ನ ಮಾಡುವದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರೇರಕಗಳಾದ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಅವರುಗಳಿಗೆ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಿದ, ಕಿಂತಲೂ ವಿಶೇಷ ಹಾನಿಕರವಾದ್ದು ಬೇರೆ ಘೊಂದು ಇರಲಾರದು" ಯೆಂಬುದು ಈ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವನ್ನು ಕೂರಿತು ಸರ್ ಸ್ಟೆಪ್‌ಫೋರ್ಡ್ ನಾರ್ತ್‌ಕೋಟ್ ಸಾಪಬರವರು. ಮುಖ್ಯವಾದ ಈ ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ಯೆಜ್ಜ ರಿಕೆ ಯಿಂದ ವಿಮರ್ಶಿಸ ಬೇಕೆಂದು ಇಂಡಿಯಾ ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟ್ ನವರಿಗೆ ಹುಕುಂ ಮಾಡಿ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ.

೧. ಪೊಳ್ಳೆ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯವೂ ಸಹಾಯವೂ ಪುಣ್ಯ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿಗೆ ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಇಂಡಿಯಾ ದೇಶದ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೇವಲ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿಯೂ, ಗೌರವವಾಗಿಯೂ, ಆದಾಯಕರವಾಗಿಯೂ, ಇರುವ ಪುರೋಗಮಿಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡೆ ಬೇಕಾದ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿವ್ಯಾಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಯ ದೆಸೆಯಿಂದ ಪುರೋಗಮಿ ರಾಜ್ಯ ತಂತ್ರದೊಳಗೂ ವಿಶೇಷವಾದ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತೆಯನ್ನು ಗವರ್ನರ್ ಜನರಲ್ ಆಗ ಕೌಗಸಲವರು ಜನ್ಮಾ ಗಿ ಬಲ್ಲರು.

೨. ಕಾನೂನುಗಳು ಜಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಚೆಪ್ಪಟ ಕಲೆಕ್ಟರ್‌ಗಳೆಂಬ ಪೊಂದು ತರದ ಪುರೋಗಮಿಗಳನ್ನೂ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳೆಲ್ಲದ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಎಕಸ್ಪ್ರೆಸ್ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್‌ಗಳೆಂಬ ಪುರೋಗಮಿಗಳನ್ನೂ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸುವದರಿಂದ ಆಗಕವಿಸಾಂಟಿಡ ನವುಕರಿಯ ಹೋದೆಯನ್ನು ವೃದ್ಧಿ ಮಾಡುವ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಕೆಲವು ಸಂವತ್ಸರಗಳಿಂದ ಈಚೆಗೆ ಬಹಳ ಕಾರ್ಯ ನಡೆದಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಆದರೆ ಇಂಥಾ ಬದಲಾವಣೆಯಿಂದ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ನವರೇ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನ ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರಲ್ಲದೆ ಇಂಥ ದೇಶದ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನೂ ಇಲ್ಲವು. ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಜನಗಳ ಪೈಕಿ ಕೆಲವರು, ಕೆಲವು ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ, ಇತರ ಸಮಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ, ಮಾಡಿದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧಿಗಳಾದ ಮೆಡನ್‌ವರ್ಗಿನೋಸ್ಕರ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಹೋದಿಗೂ ಚೆಪ್ಪಟ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಹೋದಿಗೂ ಬಡ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿ ಇರುತ್ತಾರೆ. (ಅಯೋಧ್ಯೆಯಲ್ಲಿ) ಪೊಪ್ಪರು ಹಾಲಿ ಪೊಂದು ದಿವಿಜ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲಸವನ್ನು ಆಪ್ತಿಗೆ ತರಲು ನೋಡುತ್ತಾ ಯಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಆದರೆ ಯಕ್ಕುಟ್ರಾ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್‌ಯೆಂಬ ಹುದ್ದೆಗಿಂತಾ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಹುದ್ದೆಗೆ ಯಿರುವದಿಗೂ* ಯಾವ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನೂ ಬಡತಿಯಾಗಿ ಯಿರುವದಿಲ್ಲ.

೩. ಕಾನೂನುಗಳೆಲ್ಲದ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳನ್ನೂ ದೊಡ್ಡ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಪುರೋಗಮಿಗಳೆಲ್ಲವೂ ಕಾನೂನು ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನೌಕರಿಗೆ ಯಿರುತ್ತೆ. ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ಬಡ್ತಿ ಬೇಕೆಂದು ಅಪೇಕ್ಷಿಸಿದರೆ ಪೊಪ್ಪನೊಬ್ಬ ಬಂಗಾಳೀ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಮನುಷ್ಯನಂತೆ ವರ್ತಿಸಬೇಕಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಮತ್ತು ಅವರುಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ಬಾಲ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಸಿವಿಲ್ ನೌಕರಿಗೆ ಪೊಪ್ಪ ಪೊಪ್ಪ ಮೂಲಕ ಅಂಗೀಕರಿಸಲ್ಪಡುವದಕ್ಕೆ ರಾಯ್ಸ್ ಆಗತಕ್ಕದ್ದು. ಮತ್ತು ಆಗಕವಿಸಾಂಟಿಡ ಕಂಡೋಗಿಗಳನ್ನೂ ಕೊಡತಕ್ಕ ಜಾಡಿಯಲ ಪುರೋಗಮಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲತಕ್ಕ ಕಲಹಗಳು ಈ ಗರೀ-ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ದಿನಗಳ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಬಹಳವಾಗಿ ಜಾಸ್ತಿ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತೆಂದು ತಿಳಿಯತಕ್ಕದ್ದು, ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಅಂಥಾ ರಾಜ್ಯಗಳು ಹಾಗಿರಲಿ ಹಿಸ್ ಯೆಕ್ಸ್‌ಲೆಗನಿ ಆಗ ಕೌಗಸಲವರು ಯೋಗ್ಯರಾದ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ಯುಕ್ತ ಯುಕ್ತವಾದ ಅಪೇಕ್ಷೆಯನ್ನು ತೃಪ್ತಿ ಪಡಿಸುವದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾನೂನುಗಳೆಲ್ಲದ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳ ಕಡೆ ಸ್ಥಳವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.

೪. ಪಂಜಾಬ್, ಅಯೋಧ್ಯಾ, ಸೆಂಟ್ರಲ್ ಪ್ರಾವಿನ್ಸ್ ಕೀಮತಿ, ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಐರ್ಲ್ಯಾಂಡ್, ಅಸಾಂ, ಕೊಚಿನ್, ಮೈಸೂರು, ಬಿವಾರ ಈ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅಸಿಸ್ಟೆಂಟ್ ಕಮಿಷನರ್ ಕೆಲಸಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ಲಾಟ್ ಕಾನ್ ಕೋರ್ಪೊರೇಷನ್ ಕೆಲಸಗಳು ಯಂಥಾ ಭಾರೀ ಕಲಹಗಳುಳ್ಳ ಹೋದಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಡ್ತಿ ಆಗುವದಕ್ಕೆ ಯೋಗ್ಯವಾದ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ಅರ್ಹರಾದವರನ್ನು ಹಿಸ್ ಯೆಕ್ಸ್‌ಲೆಗನಿ ಯಾ

ಕೌಗಸಲವರು ಯಾವ ಅಪೇಕ್ಷೆಯೂ ಯಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಅಂಗೀಕರಿಸುರು ಸಿವಿಲ್ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳು, ಮಿಲಿಟರಿ ಜನಗಳು, ಆಗಕವಿಸಾಂಟಿಡ ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಜನಗಳು, ಯಿವರುಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗೂ ಸರಿಯಾದ ದೋಷಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಗೂ ಯಿರುವ ತಾರತಮ್ಯವನ್ನು ರೋಕಲ್ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರವರು ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕ ಪ್ರತ್ಯೇಕವಾಗಿ ರಿಪೋರ್ಟ್ ಮಾಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದು ಮೇಲೆ ಹೇಳಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಕಡೆ ಯಾ ಕೀಮತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರವು ಬ್ರಿಟಿಷ್ ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿಗೆ ಸೇರಿಲ್ಲದಿಗಿ ಯಿತರ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಿಗಿಂತಲೂ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ತತ್ಪ್ರಾಪ್ತ ಮೈಸೂರು ಕೀಮತಿಯ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಆ ಕೀಮತಿಯ ರಾಜ ಸಂಪತ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಪುನಿಸುವಂತೆ ವಿಲಾಯತಿಯ ಸರ್ಕಾರದಿಂದ ಈಚೆಗೆ ಭುಮು ಬಂದದ್ದರಿಂದ ಆ ಕೀಮತಿಯ ಜನಗಳನ್ನೇ ವಿಶೇಷವಾಗಿ ಯೆಲ್ಲ ಕೆಲಸಗಳಿಗೂ ಕೂಡ್ಲೇ ಮೊಕರರ ಮಾಡುವದು ಅವಶ್ಯಕವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ.

೫. ಇಂಥಾ ನಿರ್ಣಯವನ್ನು ಮಾಡುವ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ನೆಟವರ್ಗಿನ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರದ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಪ್ಪರೆ, ಸ್ವತಂತ್ರವಾದ ಯೋರೊಬಿಯ.ಗಳೊಡನೆ ಕೆಲಸಗಳನ್ನು ನಡಿಸುವದು ಅಸಾಂಪ್ರದಾಯವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆಂಬ ಸಂಗತಿಯನ್ನು ಇಂಥ ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿನವರು ಪುರೇಕ್ಷಿಸಿಲ್ಲವು, ಆ ಯಾ ಕೀಮತಿಯ ರಾಜ್ಯಭಾರವರು ಯಾವ ದಿಷ್ಟಿಕ್ಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋರೊಬಿಯ ವಾಸಸ್ಥಳವಾಗಿ ಪಯಾಣಸ್ಥರಾಗಿ ಬಹಳವಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾ ರೋ ಅಂಥಾ ಯೆಲ್ಲಾ ದಿಷ್ಟಿಕ್ಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಅನುಕೂಲಗಳನ್ನು ಕಲ್ಪಿಸತಕ್ಕ ಜರೂರತಿಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ತಮ್ಮ ತಮ್ಮ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯಗಳನ್ನು ಯುಕ್ತವಾಗಿ ತಯಾರ ಮಾಡುವದೆಂದು ಗವರ್ನರ್ ಜನರಲ್ ಆಗ ಕೌಗಸಲವರು ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ.

(Signed) W. MUIR,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

The following Order, dated 22nd October, 1867, No. 1311, of the Government of Madras, is published for information:—

The Officiating Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg having intimated his assent to the proposal made by this Government, that the services of Assistant Surgeon Bidie, Professor of Botany in the Madras Medical College, should be placed at the disposal of the Offg. Commissioner, for the purpose of inquiring into, and reporting on, the devastation caused by the Borer insect on the coffee plantations in Coorg and Mysore, His Excellency, the Governor in Council directs that Dr. Bidie will proceed to Bangalore with as little delay as possible and report himself to the Offg. Commissioner. Mr. Saunders will be furnished with a copy of Dr. Bidie's letter of the 16th instant, which the Government have perused with much interest. In reporting the arrangement for the sanction of the Supreme Government, the Governor in Council will suggest that the actual travelling expenses of Dr. Bidie, for which he will submit bills to the Officiating Commissioner, and

additional charges entailed on this Government in payment of deputation allowance to the officers who by be appointed to discharge Dr. Bidie's duties during his absence, should be debited to Coorg and Mysore, for the periods during which Dr. Bidie may be employed in those provinces respectively. After the completion of his inquiries in Coorg and Mysore, Dr. Bidie will proceed, for the same purpose, to Bangalore. All the charges connected with the inquiry at the latter district will, of course, be debited to the Mysore Treasury. It will be open to the Officiating Commissioner to instruct Dr. Bidie to include in the scope of his inquiry the inquiry which it appears has been done to the scandalous trees either by the Borer or by some other cause.

(True Extract)
A. J. ARBUTENOT.
Chief Secretary.

JUDICIAL.

In the Court of the Judicial Commissioner
of Mysore and Coorg, Bangalore Tuesday,
the 13th day of August 1867.

Before J. B. KINDERSLEY, Esq., Officiating Judicial
Commissioner.

Criminal Appeal No 177—631 of 1867, against the
sentence passed by the Superintendent of Coorg in Session
Case No. 26 of 1867.

VENKATESIAH, vs. THE QUEEN.

Judgment.

This is an appeal against the sentence of 18 months
imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 100, or in
default 6 months further imprisonment passed upon the
appellant, on the 5th June 1866, by the Superintendent
of Coorg, on a conviction of having given false evidence in
judicial proceeding.

2. The charge was in the following terms:—

1st. That he in the Durryst Cutcherry, before the
Magistrate, on the 2nd October 1867, (should have been
1866) did give false evidence in a judicial proceeding,
and that he has thereby committed an offence punishable
under Section 193 of the Indian Penal Code, and within
the cognizance of a Session Court.

2nd. That he on the 23rd May 1867, before the
Sub-Session's Judge, did give false evidence in a judicial
proceeding, and that he has thereby committed an offence
punishable under Section 193 of the Indian Penal Code
and within the cognizance of a Session Court.

3. The conviction and sentence ran thus:—

The court concurring with the assessor, finds
the prisoner guilty of having given false evidence in a
judicial proceeding, though in which instance of the
charge does not appear; and that he has committed there-
by an offence punishable under Sections 193 and 72 of
the Indian Penal Code, and sentences the said Venkatesiah
to suffer 18 months' rigorous imprisonment, and further
to pay a fine of one hundred rupees, in default to suffer
eight months' similar additional imprisonment.

4. The whole of the record of the proceedings out
of which the present case arose, have not been furnished
to this court, but it appears that there was a suit for
Rs. 1000 in the Durryst Cutcherry in which the mate-
rial point was whether that sum had been paid in full
or whether no more than Rs. 400 had been paid. One
Siddoojee, who seems to have been the defendant, produced
a hundi and a letter of advice for Rs. 1000, and a re-
ceipt for Rs. 1000; which receipt, the plaintiff said, had
been for Rs. 400, and had been altered to Rs. 1000.

5. In that suit Venkatesiah, the present appellant,
was examined as a witness and said that he had not writ-
ten the hundi and letter of advice, and that he had not
been present when they were written, having been in
another village. That deposition is dated the 2nd
October 1866.

6. Afterwards there was a preliminary enquiry into
the supposed forgery of the receipt and letter of advice
by Siddoojee, and when Venkatesiah was examined as a
witness in that enquiry on the 23rd May 1867, he still
said that the letter of advice shown to him was not writ-
ten by him, but he said that he had written another one
as well as the hundi.

7. On these contradictory statements the present
charge against Venkatesiah has been founded, and the
court has found that either one statement or the other is
false, but the court has not been able to determine which
of the two statements is true, and which is false.

8. The present appeal is on the following grounds.
That the appellant was not convicted of having *intention-
ally* given false evidence. That contradiction was unin-
tentional, and arose from failure of the appellant's memory
from the use of opium for a disease from which he was
suffering; that the documents in question were written
four years ago, and that Section 72 of the Penal Code did
not apply to his case.

9. In a charge under Section 193 of the Indian
Penal Code, it is material to allege that the accused
intentionally gave false evidence; the intention being of
the essence of the offence. I should not however have
been disposed to order the discharge of the prisoner if the
intention had been clearly established by the evidence.
But I am unable to see that it is so established.

10. The prisoner on his trial made the same de-
fence as he does now, saying that he had no intention of
giving false evidence; but that his memory had failed